HYOSYNE- hyos cyamine sulfate elixir ATLANTIC BIOLOGICALS CORP.

Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click here.

HYOSYNE ORAL DROPS (Hyoscyamine Sulfate Oral Solution) HYOSYNE ELIXIR (Hyoscyamine Sulfate Elixir)

DESCRIPTION

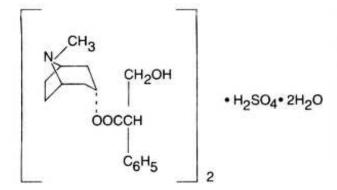
HYOSYNE ORAL DROPS (Hyoscyamine Sulfate Oral Solution) contain 0.125 mg hyoscyamine sulfate per

mL with 5% v/v alcohol for oral administration.

HYOSYNE ELIXIR (Hyoscyamine Sulfate Elixir) contains 0.125 mg hyoscyamine sulfate per 5 mL with

20% v/v alcohol for oral administration.

Hyoscyamine sulfate is one of the principal anticholinergic/antispasmodic components of belladonna alkaloids. The empirical formula is $(C_{17}H_{23}NO_3)_2 \cdot H_2SO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$ and the molecular weight is 712.85. Chemically, it is benzeneacetic acid, (α -(hydroxymethyl)-,8-methyl-8-azabicyclo [3.2.1.] oct-3-yl ester, [3(S)-endo]-,sulfate (2:1), dihydrate with the following structure:



HYOSYNE ORAL DROPS also contain as inactive ingredients: Alcohol, citric acid, FD&C red #40, FD&C yellow #6, flavor, glycerin, sodium benzoate, sodium citrate, sorbitol solution, sucrose, and water.

HYOSYNE ELIXIR also contain as inactive ingredients: Alcohol, citric acid, FD&C red #40, FD&C yellow #6, flavor, glycerin, purified water, sodium benzoate, sodium citrate, sorbitol solution, and sucrose.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Hyoscyamine Sulfate inhibits specifically the actions of acetylcholine on structures innervated by postganglionic cholinergic nerves and on smooth muscles that respond to acetylcholine but lack cholinergic innervation. These peripheral cholinergic receptors are present in the autonomic effector cells of the smooth muscle, cardiac muscle, the sinoatrial node, the atrioventricular node, and the exocrine glands. At therapeutic doses, it is completely devoid of any action on autonomic ganglia. Hyoscyamine sulfate

inhibits gastrointestinal propulsive motility and decreases gastric acid secretion. Hyoscyamine sulfate also controls excessive pharyngeal, tracheal and bronchial secretions.

Hyoscyamine sulfate is absorbed totally and completely by oral administration. Once absorbed, hyoscyamine sulfate disappears rapidly from the blood and is distributed throughout the entire body. The half-life of hyoscyamine sulfate is 2 to 3 1/2 hours. Hyoscyamine sulfate is partly hydrolyzed to tropic acid and tropine but the majority of the drug is excreted in the urine unchanged within the first 12 hours. Only traces of this drug are found in breast milk. Hyoscyamine sulfate passes the blood brain barrier and the placental barrier.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Hyoscyamine sulfate is effective as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic ulcer. It can also be used to control gastric secretion, visceral spasm and hypermotility in spastic colitis, spastic bladder, cystitis, pylorospasm, and associated abdominal cramps. May be used in functional intestinal disorders to reduce symptoms such as those seen in mild dysenteries, diverticulitis, and acute enterocolitis. For use as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome (irritable colon, spastic colon, mucous colitis) and functional gastrointestinal disorders. Also used as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of neurogenic bladder and neurogenic bowel disturbances (including the splenic flexure syndrome and neurogenic colon). Also used in the treatment of infant colic (elixir and drops). Hyoscyamine sulfate is indicated along with morphine or other narcotics in symptomatic relief of biliary and renal colic; as a "drying agent" in the relief of symptoms of acute rhinitis; in the therapy of parkinsonism to reduce rigidity and tremors and to control associated sialorrhea and hyperhidrosis. May be used in the therapy of poisoning by anticholinesterase agents.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Glaucoma; obstructive uropathy (for example, bladder neck obstruction due to prostatic hypertrophy); obstructive disease of the gastrointestinal tract (as in achalasia, pyloroduodenal stenosis); paralytic ileus, intestinal atony of elderly or debilitated patients; unstable cardiovascular status in acute hemorrhage; severe ulcerative colitis; toxic megacolon complicating ulcerative colitis; myasthenia gravis.

WARNINGS

In the presence of high environmental temperature, heat prostration can occur with drug use (fever and heat stroke due to decreased sweating). Diarrhea may be an early symptom of incomplete intestinal obstruction, especially in patients with ileostomy or colostomy. In this instance, treatment with this drug would be inappropriate and possibly harmful. Like other anticholinergic agents, Hyoscyamine sulfate may produce drowsiness, dizziness or blurred vision. In this event, the patient should be warned not to engage in activities requiring mental alertness such as operating a motor vehicle or other machinery or to perform hazardous work while taking this drug.

Psychosis has been reported in sensitive individuals given anticholinergic drugs. CNS signs and symptoms include confusion, disorientation, short term memory loss, hallucinations, dysarthria, ataxia, coma, euphoria, decreased anxiety, fatigue, insomnia, agitation and mannerisms, and inappropriate affect. These CNS signs and symptoms usually resolve within 12 to 48 hours after discontinuation of the drug.

PRECAUTIONS

General:

Use with caution in patients with: autonomic neuropathy, hyperthyroidism, coronary heart disease, congestive heart failure, cardiac arrythmias, hypertension, and renal disease. Investigate any tachycardia before giving any anticholinergic drug since they may increase the heart rate. Use with caution in patients with hiatal hernia associated with reflux esophagitis.

Information for Patients:

Like other anticholinergic agents, hyoscyamine sulfate may produce drowsiness, dizziness or blurred vision. In this event, the patient should be warned not to engage in activities requiring mental alertness such as operating a motor vehicle or other machinery or to perform hazardous work while taking this drug. Use of hyoscyamine sulfate may decrease sweating resulting in heat prostration, fever or heat stroke; febrile patients or those who may be exposed to elevated environmental temperatures should use caution.

Drug Interactions:

Additive adverse effects resulting from cholinergic blockade may occur when hyoscyamine sulfate is administered concomitantly with other antimuscarinics, amantadine, haloperidol, phenothiazines, monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors, tricyclic antidepressants or some antihistamines.

Antacids may interfere with the absorption of hyoscyamine sulfate. Administer hyoscyamine sulfate before meals; antacids after meals.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility:

No long-term studies in animals have been performed to determine the carcinogenic, mutagenic or impairment of fertility potential of hyoscyamine sulfate; however, years of marketing experience with hyoscyamine sulfate shows no demonstrable evidence of a problem.

Pregnancy - Pregnancy Category C:

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with hyoscyamine sulfate. It is also not known whether hyoscyamine sulfate can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. Hyoscyamine sulfate should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers:

Hyoscyamine sulfate is excreted in human milk. Caution should be exercised when hyoscyamine sulfate is administered to a nursing woman.

Geriatric Use:

Reported clinical experience has not identified differences in safety between patients aged 65 and over and younger patients. In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardiac function, and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

This drug is known to be substantially excreted by the kidney, and the risk of toxic reactions to this drug may be greater in patients with impaired renal function. Because elderly patients are more likely to have decreased renal function, care should be taken in dose selection, and it may be useful to monitor renal function.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

All of the following adverse reactions have been reported with hyoscyamine sulfate. Adverse reactions may include dryness of the mouth; urinary hesitancy and retention; blurred vision; tachycardia; palpitations; mydriasis; increased ocular tension; loss of taste; headache; nervousness; drowsiness; weakness; fatigue; dizziness; insomnia; nausea; vomiting; impotence; constipation; bloated feeling; abdominal pain; diarrhea; allergic reactions or drug idiosyncrasies; urticaria and other dermal manifestations; ataxia; speech disturbance; some degree of mental confusion and/or excitement (especially in elderly persons); short-term memory loss; hallucinations; and decreased sweating.

OVERDOSAGE

The signs and symptoms of overdose are headache, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, dilated pupils, hot dry skin, dizziness, dryness of the mouth, difficulty in swallowing, and CNS stimulation.

Measures to be taken are immediate lavage of the stomach and injection of physostigmine 0.5 to 2 mg

intravenously and repeated as necessary up to a total of 5 mg. Fever may be treated symptomatically (tepid water sponge baths, hypothermic blanket). Excitement to a degree which demands attention may be managed with sodium thiopental 2% solution given slowly intravenously or chloral hydrate (100-200 mL of a 2% solution) by rectal infusion. In the event of progression of the curare-like effect to paralysis of the respiratory muscles, artificial respiration should be instituted and maintained until effective respiratory action returns.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

HYOSYNE ORAL DROPS

(Hyoscyamine Sulfate Oral Solution)

Dosage may be adjusted according to the conditions and severity of symptoms. Measuredosage very carefully.

Adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older: 1 to 2 mL every four hours or as needed. Do not exceed 12 mL in 24 hours.

Pediatric patients 2 to under 12 years of age: 1/4 to 1 mL every four hours or as needed. Do not exceed 6 mL in 24 hours.

Pediatric patients under 2 years of age: The following dosage guide is based upon body weight. The doses may be repeated every four hours or as needed.

Body Weight	<u>Usual Dose</u>	Do Not Exceed	
		<u>In 24 Hours</u>	
3.4 kg (7.5 lb.)	4 drops	24 drops	
5 kg (11 lb.)	5 drops	30 drops	
7 kg (15 lb.)	6 drops	36 drops	
10 kg (22 lb.)	8 drops	48 drops	

Package of Hyoscyamine Sulfate Oral Drops is accompanied with a dropper having markings of 3, 4, 5 DROPS, and 0.25 mL. The approximate equivalent amount of hyoscyamine sulfate drops (mL) and its equivalent amount of hyoscyamine sulfate (mg) for each marking are as follows:

		Approximate Equivalent Amount	
Marking on	Hyoscyamine Sulfate Oral Drops		Hyoscyamine Sulfate
Dropper	Solution (mL)		(mg)
3 DROPS	0.08 mL		0.01 mg
4 DROPS	0.11 mL		0.01375 mg
5 DROPS	0.14 mL		0.0175 mg
0.25 mL	0.25 mL		0.03125 mg

HYOSYNE ELIXIR

(Hvoscvamine Sulfate Elixir)

Dosage may be adjusted according to the conditions and severity of symptoms. Measure dosage very carefully.

Adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older: 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls every four hours or as needed. Do not exceed 12 teaspoonfuls in 24 hours.

Pediatric patients 2 to under 12 years of age: Please see the following dosage guide is based on body weight. The doses may be repeated every four hours or as needed. Do not exceed 6teaspoonfuls in 24 hours.

Body Weight	<u>Usual Dose</u>
10 kg (22 lb.)	1/4 teaspoon (1.25 mL)
20 kg (44 lb.)	1/2 teaspoonful (2.5 mL)
40 kg (88 lb.)	3/4 teaspoonful (3.75 mL)
50 kg (110 lb.)	1 teaspoonful (5 mL)

HOW SUPPLIED

HYOSYNE ORAL DROPS (Hyoscyamine Sulfate 0.125 mg per mL) is orange colored, flavored, and contains 5% alcohol. It is supplied in a 15 mL bottle with a calibrated dropper **HYOSYNE ELIXIR** (Hyoscyamine Sulfate 0.125 mg per 5 mL) is orange colored, flavored, and contains 20% alcohol. It is supplied in a pint (473 mL) bottle.

Store at 20°-25°C (68°-77°F); excursions permitted between 15°-30°C (59°-86°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Rx only.

Manufactured by: Silarx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Carmel, NY 10512

Distributed by

Atlantic Biologicals

Miami, Fl 33179

17856-0514-5

NDC 17856-0514-05 HYOSYNE ELIXIR

(Hyoscyamine Sulfate Elixir)

0.125 mg per 5 mL

Rx Only UNIT DOSE 5 mL Cup

Each tea spoonful (5 mL) contains: Hyoscyamine Sulfate 0.125 mg. Contains Alcohol 20% V/V

PACKAGING INFORMATION: Dosage per Cup: 5 mL

Cup(s) per case: 72 See package insert for indications and dosage schedule.

Other information:

Store at controlled room temperature 15°C -30°C(59°-86°F).

KEEP HYOSYNE ELIXIR AND ALL DRUGS OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Distributed by:

Silax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Carmel, NY 10512 Repadaged by: UDose LLC, Miami, FL 33179 Atlantic Biologicals Corp. 20101 N.E. 16th Place Miami, FL 33179

*Retain box label and package insert for drug information.

Questions or Comments: Call 1-800-509-7592

UDose LLC Lot No: XXXXXX Mfg Lot No: XXXXX Exp. Date: XX/XX/XXXX



HYOSYNE

hyoscyamine sulfate elixir

Product Information

Inactive Inquedients

alcohol (UNII: 3K9958V90M)

Product Type HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG Item Code (Source) NDC:17856-0514(NDC:54838-511)

Route of Administration ORAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name Basis of Strength Strength Hyoscyamine Sulfate (UNII: F2R8V82B84) (Hyoscyamine - UNII:PX44XO846X) Hyoscyamine Sulfate 0.125 mg in 5 mL

mactive ingredients		
	Ingredient Name	Strength

anhydrous citric acid (UNII: XF417D3PSL)

FD&C RED NO. 40 (UNII: WZB9127XOA)

FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)	
glycerin (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)	
sodium benzoate (UNII: OJ245FE5EU)	
sodium citrate (UNII: 1Q73Q2JULR)	
sorbitol (UNII: 506T60A25R)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Product Characteristics				
Color		Score		
Shape		Size		
Flavor	LEMON	Imprint Code		
Contains				

ı	Packaging			
ı	# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1 NDC:17856-0514-5 5 mL in 1 CUP; Type 0: Not a Combination Product 11/02/2016				

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
unapproved drug other		11/0 1/19 9 7	

Labeler - ATLANTIC BIOLOGICALS CORP. (047437707)

Establishment				
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations	
ATLANTIC BIOLOGICALS CORP.		047437707	repack(17856-0514), relabel(17856-0514)	

Revised: 11/2016 ATLANTIC BIOLOGICALS CORP.